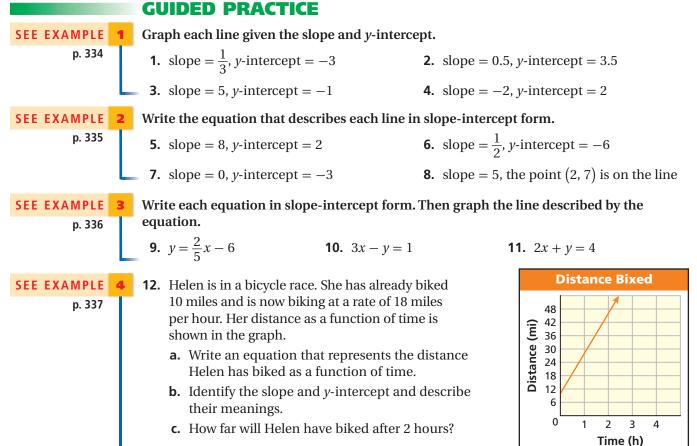
## Exercises

5-6





## PRACTICE AND PROBLEM SOLVING

Graph each line given the slope and *y*-intercept.

**13.** slope =  $\frac{1}{4}$ , y-intercept = 7
 **14.** slope = -6, y-intercept = -3 

 **15.** slope = 1, y-intercept = -4 **16.** slope =  $-\frac{4}{5}$ , y-intercept = 6 

Write the equation that describes each line in slope-intercept form.

**17.** slope = 5, y-intercept = -9**18.** slope =  $-\frac{2}{3}$ , y-intercept = 2**19.** slope =  $-\frac{1}{2}$ , (6, 4) is on the line**20.** slope = 0, (6, -8) is on the line

Write each equation in slope-intercept form. Then graph the line described by the equation.

<b>21.</b> $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 3$	<b>22.</b> $y = \frac{1}{3}x - 5$	<b>23.</b> $y = x + 6$
<b>24.</b> $6x + 3y = 12$	<b>25.</b> $y = \frac{7}{2}$	<b>26.</b> $4x + y = 9$
<b>27.</b> $-\frac{1}{2}x + y = 4$	<b>28.</b> $\frac{2}{3}x + y = 2$	<b>29.</b> $2x + y = 8$

(Independent Practice)		
For Exercises	See Example	
13–16	1	
17–20	2	
21–29	3	
30	4	

Extra Practice Skills Practice p. S13 Application Practice p. S32